

Analysis of Packing Function
Solutions for Monomeric
Proteins

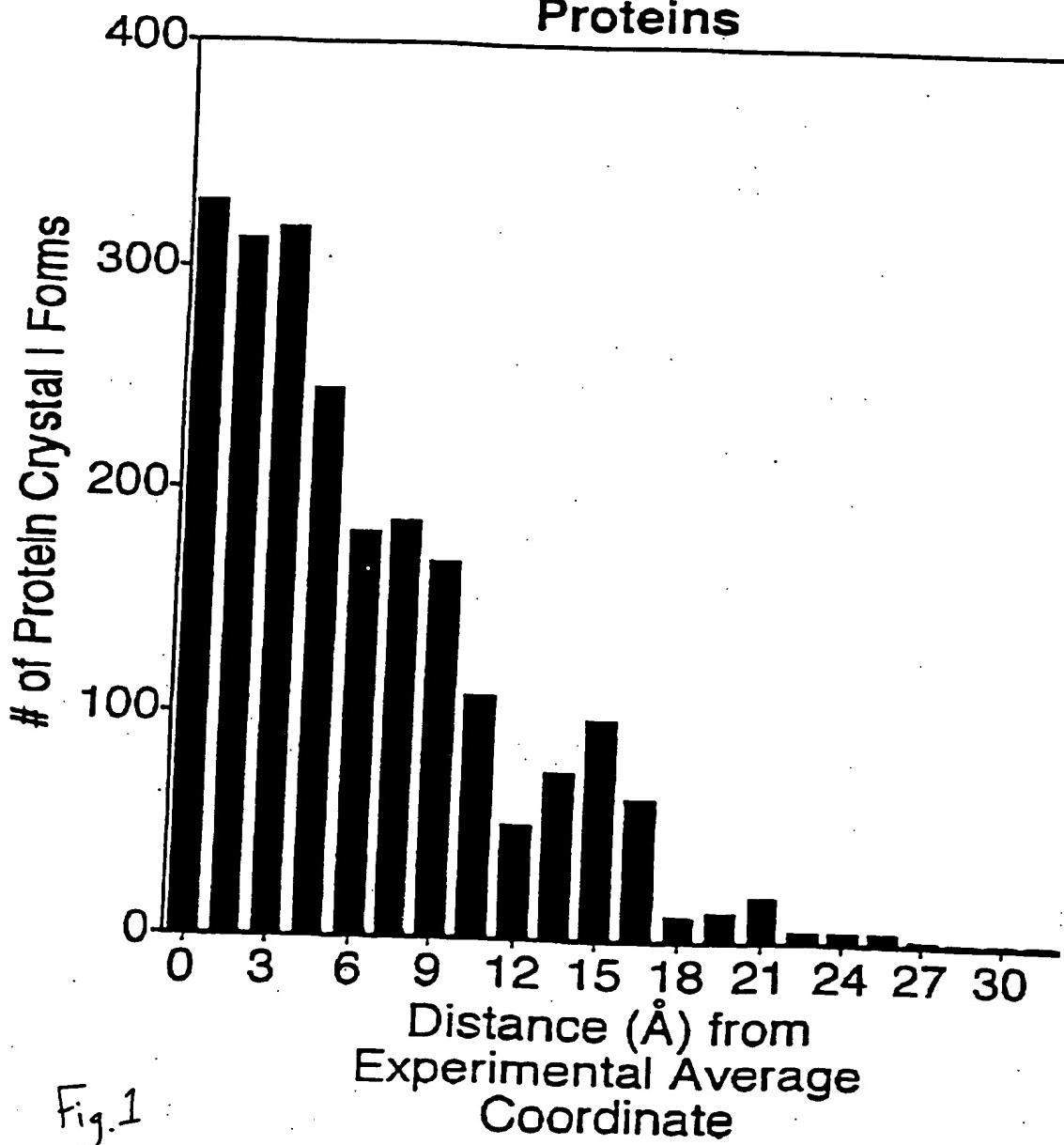


Fig. 1

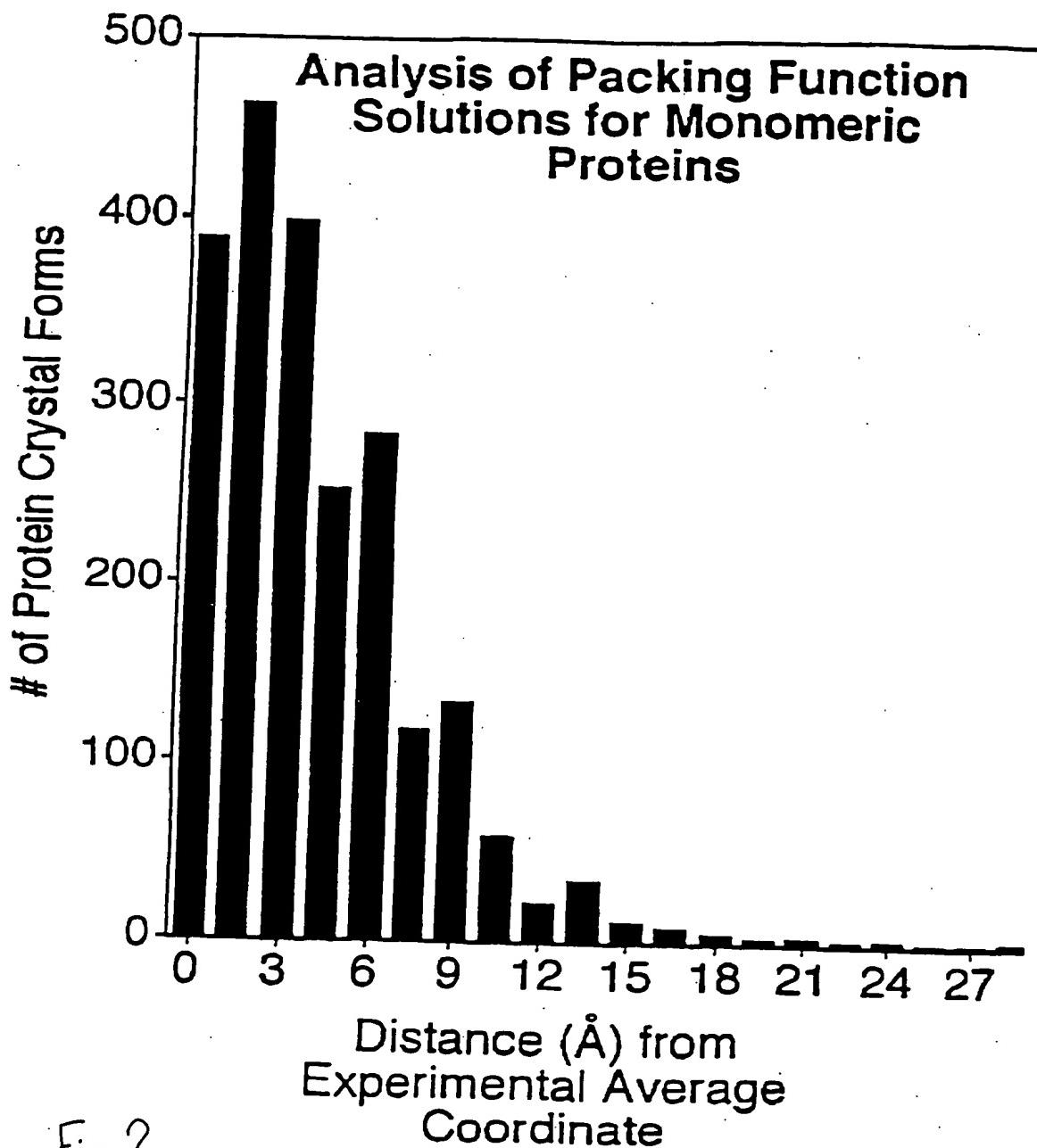
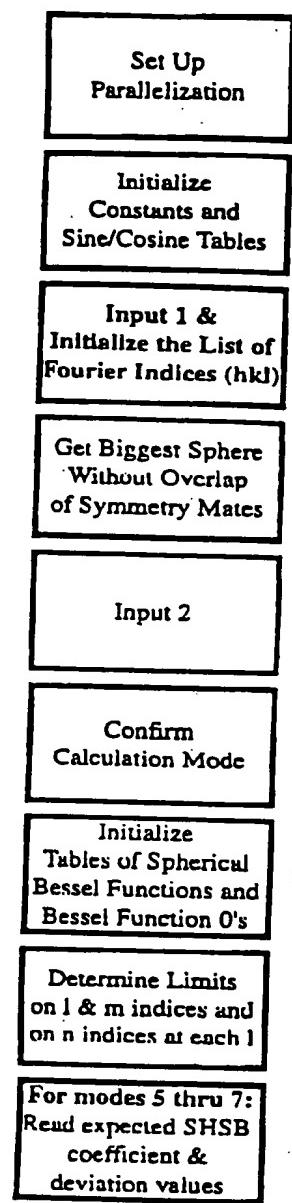
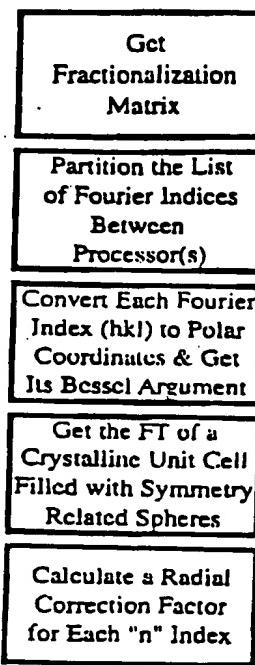
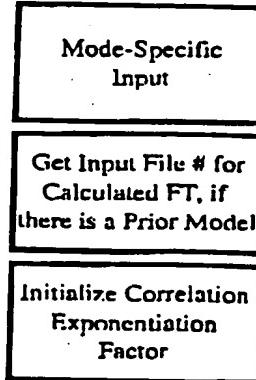


Fig. 2

START:**For Use with a Radial Correction or with Modes 5 thru 7:****Calculation Mode-Specific Routines:**

Modes 1 & 2
(Unphased Diffraction Amplitudes to Phased FT of SHSB-modeled Unit Cell)

**Modes 1 & 2 (cont'd)**

Cycle
For Each Choice (mstop) of Stopping Value for the SHSB m index

Update Correlation Exponentiation Factor

- - - - - If there is a Prior Model
- - - - - (On cycles after the 1st cycle of the 1st run of the program):

On Cycles After the 1st value of mstop
Update the File # for the Calculated FT

For Each input SHSB Model

Convert the File # & the Model # to a File Name

Read Input FT & SHSB coeffs of the Prior Model

If there is No Prior Model:

Model the Crystal as a Crystalline Unit Cell Filled with Symmetry Related Spheres

Get a Starting Value (msus) for the SHSB m Index for the Next Packet of m Values

Update the Model by Adjusting the Contributions of each SHSB function for each lmn index in the m-packet from 'msus' to 'mstop'

Flow Chart for the Main Driver Program for "faizer": Options to compute a the FT of a SHSB Model of Crystal

Fig. 3

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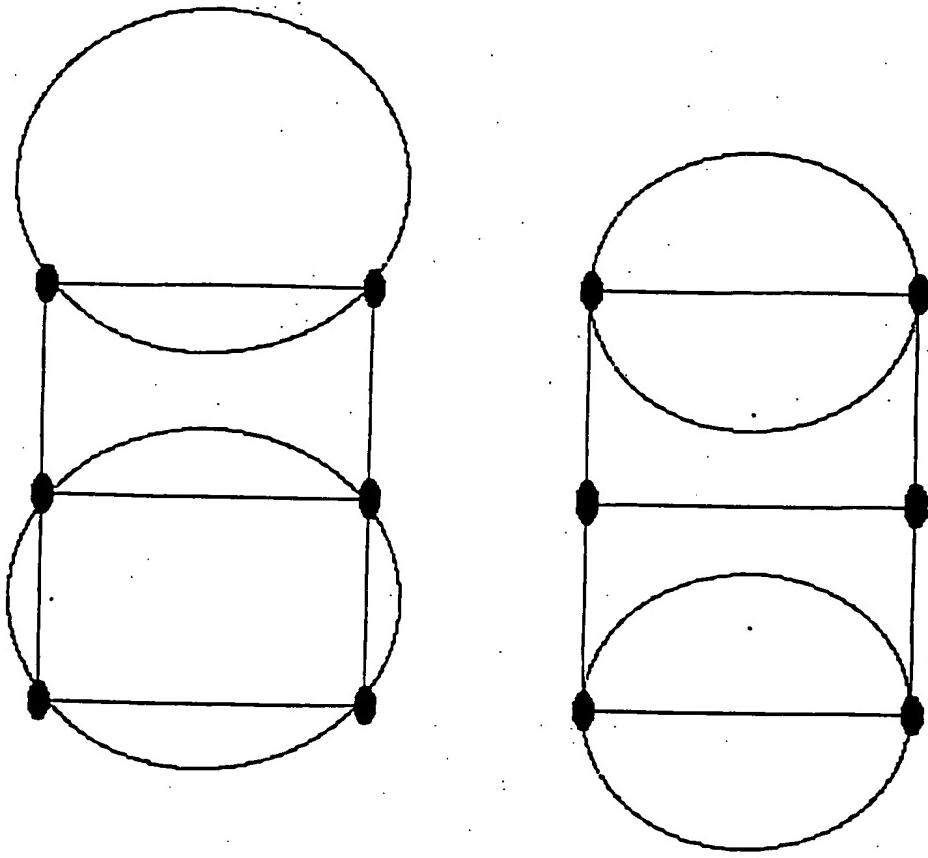


Figure 4 A schematic example: Two choices for filling the same portion of a crystal unit cell from an orthorhombic Spacegroup. Although the spheres on the right are smaller than those on the left, for some crystals, the local maximum in the packing on the right would be the packing of maximal consistency with the crystallographic data.

Figure 4.

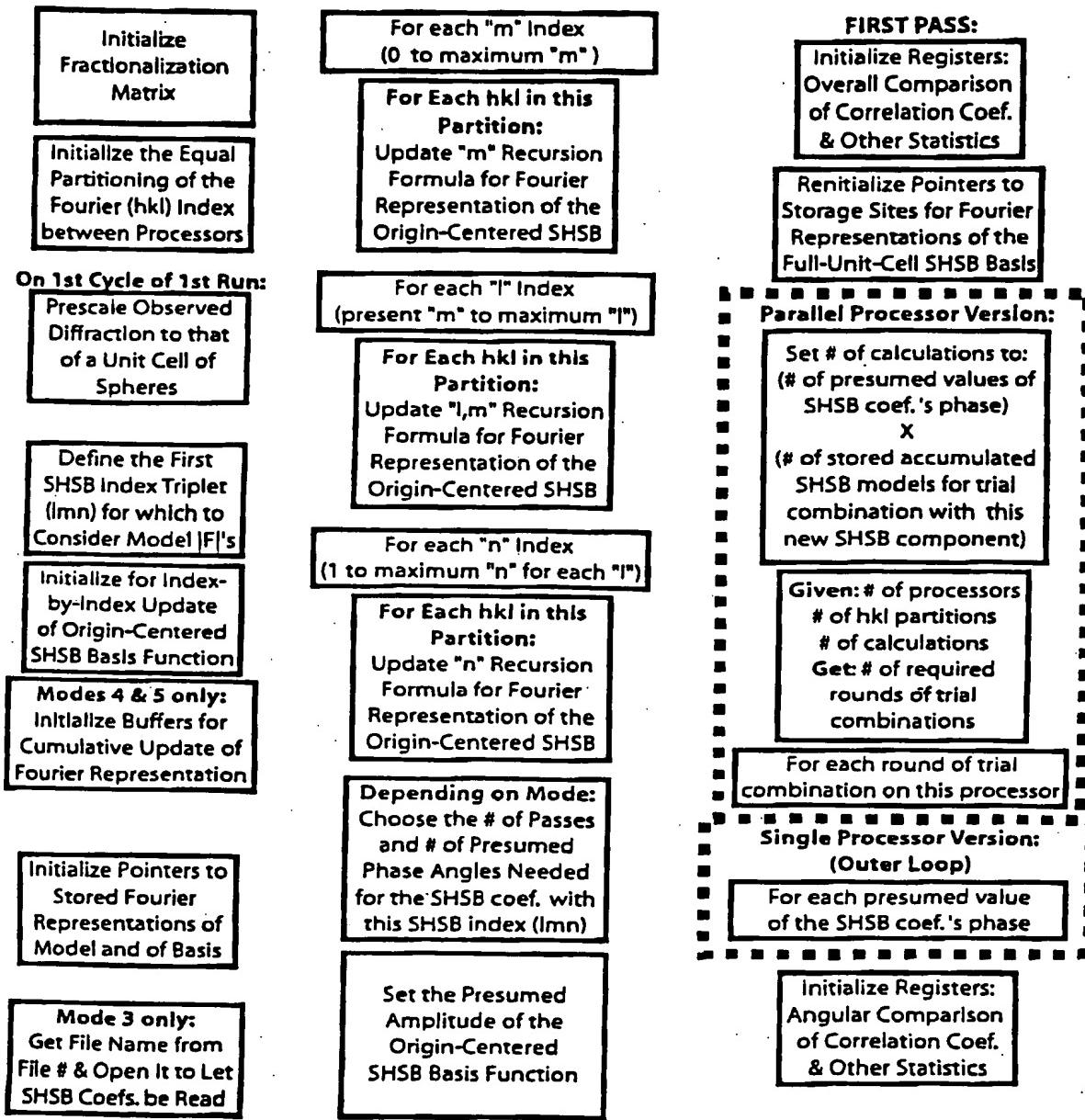
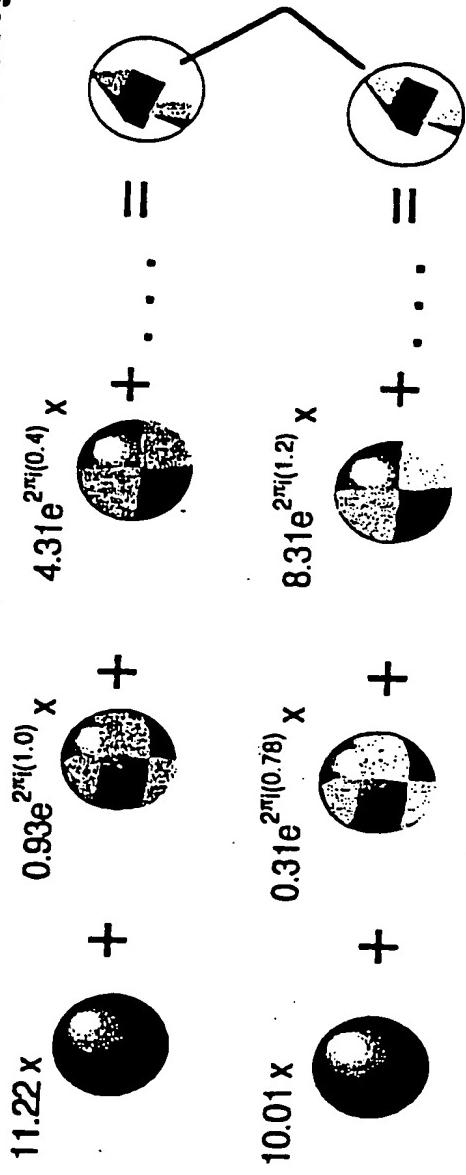


Fig. 5

Identical Image from Expansions about Different Origins:



Symmetry Expanded Direct Space Basis Functions:

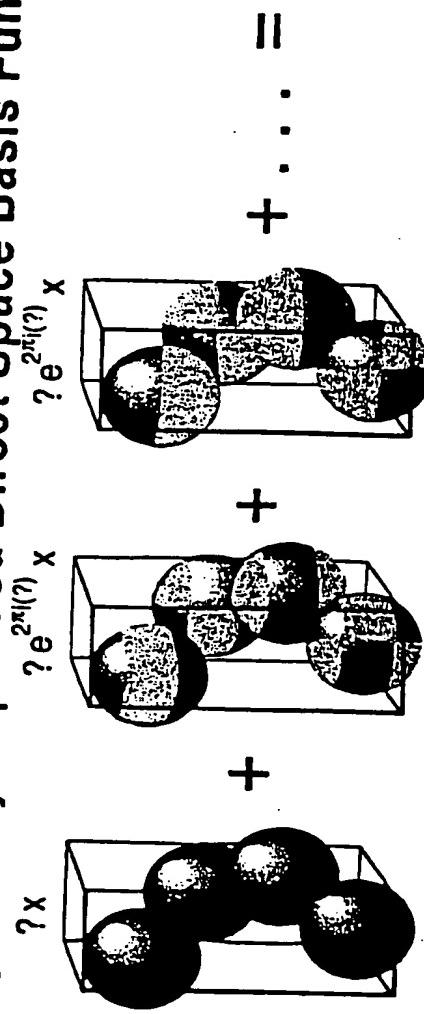
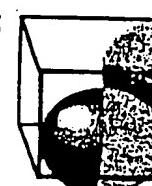


Fig. 6

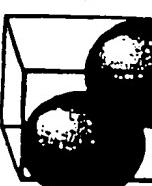
With a properly chosen origin, 45-55% of the unit cell can be expanded. (Most protein crystals are > 45% solvent.)

Component Direct Space Basis Functions:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 = \\
 \cdot \cdot \cdot \\
 + \\
 \text{?} e^{2\pi i (?)} x \\
 \text{?} e^{2\pi i (?)} x \\
 + \\
 \text{?} x
 \end{array}$$







Component Fourier Transforms:

$$a_{001} F_{\text{solo}}^{001}(\mathbf{hkl}) + a_{211} F_{\text{solo}}^{211}(\mathbf{hkl}) + a_{111} F_{\text{solo}}^{111}(\mathbf{hkl}) + \dots = F_{\text{obs}}(\mathbf{hkl})$$

$$\partial_{21} = \sum_{hkl} F_{solo}^* F^{211}(hkl) \left(|F_{obs}(hkl)| - |F_{\text{accum}}(hkl)| \right) e^{2\pi i \phi^{\text{f}}(hkl)}$$

$$F_{\text{accum}}^{n+1}(hkl) = F_{\text{accum}}^n(hkl) + a_{211} F_{\text{solo}}^{-211}(hkl)$$

7
Fig.